



भाग - III / PART - III
भाषा - II : अंग्रेज़ी / Language - II : ENGLISH

61. Bees are kept in
(1) A nursery (2) A pantry
(3) An apiary (4) An aquarium
62. The idiom 'green-eyed monster' means
(1) To be sick
(2) To be jealous
(3) To be angry
(4) To be blind
63. Select the sentence in which the article has been wrongly used.
(1) Twelve inches make a foot.
(2) He is a M.A.
(3) A pupil should obey his teacher.
(4) He is a European.
64. Pick the correct question tag from the options.
People shouldn't drink and drive, _____
(1) should not they ?
(2) should they ?
(3) isn't it ?
(4) shall they ?
65. Point out the part that has an error in the sentence.

You are learning English/for the last one

A B
year/but you show/no improvement at all.

C D

- (1) B (2) A
(3) C (4) D

Read the following passage and answer the questions from 66 to 70 based on it.

...

Work expands so as to fill the time available for its completion. The general recognition of this fact is shown in the proverbial phrase, 'It is the busiest man who has time to spare.' Thus, an elderly lady at leisure can spend the entire day writing a postcard to her niece. An hour will be

spent in finding the postcard, another hunting for spectacles, half an hour to search for the address, an hour and a quarter in composition and twenty minutes in deciding whether or not to take an umbrella when going to the pillar box in the street. The total effort that would occupy a busy man for three minutes, all told, may in this fashion leave another person completely exhausted after a day of doubt, anxiety and toil.

66. What is the total time spent by the elderly lady in writing a postcard ?
(1) A full day
(2) Three minutes
(3) Four hours and five minutes
(4) Half an hour
67. What happens when the time to be spent on some work increases ?
(1) The work is done leisurely
(2) The work is done smoothly
(3) The work consumes all the time
(4) The work needs additional time
68. What does the expression 'pillar box' stand for ?
(1) A box in the pillar
(2) A box attached to the pillar
(3) Box office
(4) A pillar-type post box
69. Who is the person likely to take more time to do work ?
(1) An elderly person
(2) A busy man
(3) A man of leisure
(4) An exhausted person



70. Point out the most appropriate explanation of the sentence.

'Work expands so as to fill the time available for its completion.'

- (1) Whatever time is available for a given amount of work, all of it will be used.
- (2) The more work there is to be done, the more the time needed.
- (3) If you have more time, you can do more work.
- (4) If you have some important work to do, you should always have some additional time.

71. Choose the correct sentence.

- (1) The committee was one on this point.
- (2) The committee were one on this point.
- (3) The committee was divided on this point.
- (4) The committee have one on this point.

72. Which of the following is an example of Simile ?

- (1) Life is a dream
- (2) I wandered lonely as a cloud
- (3) Anxiety is sitting on her face
- (4) A lie has no legs

73. Change the following sentence into Active Voice.

"The visitors were shown the new-born by the woman."

- (1) The woman has shown the new-born to the visitors.
- (2) The new-born was shown to the visitors by the woman.
- (3) The woman showed the visitors the new-born.
- (4) The woman might have shown the new-born.

74. Select the antonym for the word.

'Adverse'

- (1) Friendly
- (2) Hostile
- (3) Inimical
- (4) Unwilling

75. Fill in the blank with correct word to complete the proverb.

"Blood is _____ than water."

- (1) Thicker
- (2) Thinner
- (3) Purer
- (4) Precious

Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow (Q. No. 76 to 80) by selecting the most appropriate option.

Helicopters are very different from airplanes. They can do three things that airplanes cannot do. First, when airplanes move upward, they must also move forward, but helicopters can move straight up without moving ahead. Second, helicopters can fly backward, which airplanes cannot do. Third, helicopters can use their rotors to hover in the air, which is impossible for planes. Helicopters can perform actions that airplanes cannot, they are used for different tasks. Since

helicopters can take off without moving forward, they do not need a runway for take off. They are used in congested areas where there is no room for airplanes or in isolated areas, which do not have airports. Because they can hover, they are used on fire fighting missions to drop water on fires. They are used in logging operations to lift trees out of forests. Helicopters are used as air ambulances to airlift patients out of situations, which are difficult to reach, by conventional ambulances. The police use helicopters to follow suspects on the ground or to search for cars on the ground. Of course, helicopters have military uses because of their design and capabilities.

76. The word 'congested' in the passage means

- (1) The place has no place
- (2) The place is roomy
- (3) The place can be accessed by police vans
- (4) The place has so much of smoke due to fire

77. A helicopter can hover while an aeroplane cannot, according to the passage. 'Hover' in the passage means

- (1) Move straight up in the air
- (2) Stay at one place in the air
- (3) Go backward in the air
- (4) Fly sideways



78.

Point out the grammatical category of the word 'perform' in the passage.

- (1) Verb (2) Noun
(3) Adverb (4) Helping verb

79. Why is a helicopter used as an ambulance ?

- (1) It crosses all difficulties of traffic
(2) Its movement can be manoeuvred easily
(3) It reaches the inaccessible places easily
(4) It can fire fight

80. Point out the grammatical category of the underlined word 'very' in the above passage.

- (1) Adjective (2) Adverb
(3) Noun (4) Verb

81. Give one word substitution for :

The scientific study of insects.

- (1) Entomology (2) Criminology
(3) Mycology (4) Meteorology

82. Point out the correct direct speech of the following.

I asked why he was looking through the keyhole.

- (1) 'Do not look through the keyhole' I said.
(2) 'Are you looking through the keyhole ?' I said.
(3) 'Why are you looking through the keyhole ?' I said.
(4) 'You are looking through the keyhole ?' I said.

83. Put the verbs in brackets into the correct present tense.

My daughter never (write) to me so I never (know) what she (do).

- (1) My daughter never write to me so I never knew what she does.
(2) My daughter never wrote to me so I never knew what she do.
(3) My daughter never writes to me so I never know what she is doing.
(4) My daughter never writes to me so I never knew what she does.

84. Pick out the correct synonym of the word.

'Cantankerous'

- (1) Quarrelsome
(2) Rash
(3) Noisy
(4) Disrespectful

85. Pick out the sentence that has a demonstrative adjective in it.

- (1) This kind of question is often asked in examinations.
(2) It is a twenty-kilometers walk.
(3) Each of them received ten rupees.
(4) His written statement differs from his oral one.

86. 'To chew the cud' correctly means

- (1) To die on duty
(2) Contrive against someone
(3) To meditate
(4) To inculcate virtues

87. Complete the following sentence with most appropriate choice.

'He was very much ashamed _____ his mischief.'

- (1) of (2) for
(3) with (4) over

88. Complete the following sentence with appropriate choice.

'_____ he stood first, he would have gone to America.'

- (1) Had (2) If
(3) Have (4) Anyways

89. Fill in the blank.

'Of the sword and pen the _____ is more powerful.'

- (1) later
(2) last one
(3) latter
(4) last

90. Which prefix can be used with the following words ?

behave, guide, use

- (1) dis (2) in
(3) mis (4) re